KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 with Report of Independent Auditors

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Trustees Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association Lexington, Kentucky

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association (KLCIS) which comprise the statements of net position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Trustees Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association Report of Independent Auditors, continued

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4-5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise KLCIS. The accompanying supplementary information on pages 24 - 25 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The supplementary information on pages 26 - 27 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by the Department of Insurance of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and accordingly we do not express an opinion on the supplementary information referred to above nor do we provide any assurance on it.

Board of Trustees Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association Report of Independent Auditors, continued

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2014 on our consideration of KLCIS' internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering KLCIS' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 27, 2014

Lexington, Kentucky

Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

Our discussion and analysis of the Kentucky League of Cities (KLC) Insurance Services Association (KLCIS) provides an overview of KLCIS' financial activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin on page 6.

Using this Annual Report

This report consists of a series of financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplemental information.

Statements of Net Position

Table 1 shows all of the assets and liabilities of KLCIS and is presented on the accrual basis. Total net position increased \$5,060,877 for the current fiscal year, compared to the increase of \$4,898,596 during the prior fiscal year.

Table 1 Net Position

		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Cash and investments Capital and other assets	\$	50,915,134 2,769,915	\$	41,743,510 3,173,802
Total assets		53,685,049		44,917,312
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses Other liabilities	· <u></u>	28,603,742 4,062,160	12 <u></u>	26,189,269 2,769,773
Total liabilities		32,665,902	·	28,959,042
Total net position	\$	21,019,147	\$	15,958,270

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Table 2 shows all the revenues and expenses of KLCIS and is also presented on the accrual basis. Net earned premium revenue increased \$3,552,232 or 17.14% from the prior fiscal year. With stocks reaching substantial highs, investment related revenues increased \$2,236,744 or 188.33%, due to an increase in realized and unrealized gains in the current fiscal year. Total loss and loss adjustment expenses were more than expected, resulting in an increase of \$4,501,482, due to the acceleration in claim settlement and closure rates and the recording of claims costs. General administrative expenses increased by 13.09% due to an increase in commissions, administrative, professional and service fees. The increase in commission expense is directly related to the increase in net earned premium revenue.

Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited), continued

Table 2 Change in Net Position

Year ended June 30,		2014		2013
Net premiums earned Investment and other revenue and gains	\$	24,272,011 3,424,399	\$	20,719,779 1,187,655
Total revenue		27,696,410		21,907,434
Losses and loss adjustment expenses General administrative expenses	_	12,917,624 9,717,909	_	8,416,142 8,592,696
Total expenses	_	22,635,533	_	17,008,838
Change in net position	\$	5,060,877	\$	4,898,596

Description of Current and Expected Conditions

In the last few years, KLC has taken measures to fine tune the efforts of loss control, underwriting and claims. KLCIS has allocated additional resources to each of these areas in the form of closer management oversight of third party administrators, in house loss control staff and additional emphasis on membership accountability of results via underwriting activities. KLC has conducted training programs specifically designed for newly elected officials, which has helped reduce employment related claims. We have increased loss control visits particularly in the law enforcement area where claim frequency and severity can dramatically impact results. Additional resources have been allocated to fine tune the score card program and to equip members with the resources necessary to effectively conduct monthly safety meetings. We believe the synergistic effect of these three departments are contributing to the favorable results. Favorable results are only possible with the continued support and cooperation of the KLCIS membership.

Contacting the Organization's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of 2014's finances and to show the KLCIS' accountability to its members. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Kentucky League of Cities office at 100 East Vine Street, Suite 800, Lexington, KY 40507.

Statements of Net Position

June 30, 2014 and 2013

		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Assets				
Investment securities, at fair value	\$	42,467,814	\$	35,652,693
Cash and cash equivalents		8,447,320		6,090,817
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$28,292				
and \$16,000 for 2014 and 2013, respectively		171,629		129,703
Reinsurance receivable		919,437		1,746,594
Accrued investment income		148,218		153,484
Prepaid expenses		675,756		249,501
Membership in NLC Mutual Insurance Company		620,037		620,037
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$990,520				
and \$894,999 for 2014 and 2013, respectively	-	234,838	_	274,483
Total assets	_	53,685,049	_	44,917,312
Liabilities				
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses:				
Reported claims		17,384,232		14,391,271
Incurred but not reported claims		10,203,180		10,860,244
Unallocated loss adjustment expenses	_	1,016,330	-	937,754
Total unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses		28,603,742		26,189,269
Accounts payable		616,008		294,277
Payable to related entities, net		80,539		26,184
Advance premiums	-	3,365,613	_	2,449,312
Total liabilities		32,665,902	_	28,959,042
Net Position				
Net position	\$.	21,019,147	\$_	15,958,270

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

		2014		2013
Operating revenue: Net premiums earned	\$	24,272,011	\$	20,719,779
Operating expenses:				
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		12,917,624		8,416,142
Commission expense		3,479,686		2,867,795
Claims administration expense		1,157,975		1,082,238
Loss prevention expenses		208,916		294,364
Professional fees		409,433		463,479
Administrative fees, related entity		3,979,928		3,541,689
Other expenses	-	452,271	-	343,131
Total operating expenses		22,605,833	_	17,008,838
Operating income		1,666,178		3,710,941
Nonoperating revenue:				
Interest and investment revenue		3,392,632		1,139,135
Other income		31,767		48,520
Total nonoperating revenue		3,424,399		1,187,655
Nonoperating expense:				
Loss on disposal of assets	_	29,700	_	
Nonoperating income	-	3,394,699	_	1,187,655
Change in net position		5,060,877		4,898,596
Net position, beginning of year	_	15,958,270	_	11,059,674
Net position, end of year	\$	21,019,147	\$_	15,958,270

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

		<u>2014</u>		2013
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Premiums collected	\$	25,134,094	\$	20,002,531
Losses and loss adjustment expenses paid		(10,503,152)		(8,898,861)
Underwriting expenses paid		(7,944,993)		(1,462,656)
Other payments	-	(888,116)	_	(587,307)
Net cash provided by operating activities		5,797,833		9,053,707
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of investments		(30,142,227)		(23,105,408)
Proceeds from maturity of investments		4,630,150		1,774,121
Proceeds from sale of investments		19,693,184		14,719,251
Interest and dividends received	-	2,401,670	_	1,226,021
Net cash used in investing activities		(3,417,223)		(5,386,015)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment		(55,875)		(82,791)
Other income		31,768	_	48,520
Net cash used in financing activities	5)_	(24,107)	:: <u></u>	(34,271)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,356,503		3,633,421
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	-	6,090,817	:: <u>-</u>	2,457,396
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	8,447,320	\$_	6,090,817

Statements of Cash Flows, continued

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

		<u>2014</u>		2013
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	1,666,178	\$	3,710,941
Adjustments:				
Depreciation		65,820		72,514
Provision for doubtful accounts		12,292		5,000
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in:				
Accounts receivable		(54,218)		25,967
Reinsurance receivable		827,157		428,319
Receivable from related entities		_		5,868,927
Prepaid expenses		(426, 255)		25,349
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses		2,414,472		(482,719)
Accounts payable		321,731		116,440
Payable to related entities		54,355		26,184
Advance premiums	_	916,301	_	(743,215)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	5,797,833	\$	9,053,707

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Description of Organization

Kentucky Municipal Risk Management Association (the Association) was established in April 1987 under the authorization of the Kentucky Interlocal Cooperation Act of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for the purpose of creating and operating various self-insurance, insurance and investment trusts. It is an unincorporated, nonprofit association voluntarily established by the participating cities, urban-county governments and related public agencies and political subdivisions within the Commonwealth of Kentucky. During 2003, the Association changed its name to Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association (KLCIS).

KLCIS has received a Certificate of Filing from the Department of Insurance of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the Department), but is exempt from most statutory requirements that commercial insurers must follow. KLCIS' general objectives are to formulate, develop and administer, on behalf of the member political subdivisions, a program of insurance liability coverage as well as auto physical damage coverage for participating municipalities (the liability pool). All coverages are written on an occurrence basis. In addition, KLCIS operates a property insurance program for participating municipalities (the property pool). Participation in the liability and property pools included 394 and 350 members, respectively, as of June 30, 2014, and 384 and 335 members, respectively, as of June 30, 2013.

Following is a description of the most significant risks facing property/casualty insurers and how KLCIS mitigates those risks:

Legal/Regulatory Risk

Legal/regulatory risk is the risk that changes in the legal or regulatory environment in which an insurer operates will occur and create additional losses or expenses not anticipated by the insurer in pricing its products. That is, regulatory initiatives designed to reduce insurer profits or new legal theories may create costs for the insurer beyond those currently recorded in the financial statements. KLCIS is exposed to this risk by writing all of its business in Kentucky, thus increasing its exposure to a single jurisdiction. This risk is reduced by underwriting and loss adjusting practices that identify and minimize the adverse impact of this risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that issuers of securities owned by an insurer will default or that other parties, including reinsurers, that owe the insurer money will not pay. KLCIS minimizes this risk by adhering to a conservative investment strategy, by utilizing financially sound reinsurers, by maintaining credit and collection policies, and by providing an allowance for any amounts deemed uncollectible.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Description of Organization, continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rates will change and cause a decrease in the value of an insurer's investments. KLCIS mitigates this risk by attempting to match the maturity schedule of its assets with the expected payouts of its liabilities. To the extent that liabilities come due more quickly than assets mature, an insurer would have to sell assets prior to maturity and recognize a gain or loss. KLCIS uses the segmented time distribution method to measure interest rate risk.

Geographic Risk

Geographic risk is the risk that catastrophic losses will occur in one concentrated area where KLCIS does business. KLCIS writes all of its business in Kentucky. KLCIS mitigates this risk by adhering to specified underwriting practices and by obtaining catastrophic reinsurance coverage.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

KLCIS uses the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

KLCIS presents its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As a proprietary activity, the Fund has adopted GASB Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. Therefore, the Fund follows GASB pronouncements and all Financial Accounting Standards Board and predecessor boards' pronouncements except those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near-term relate to the determination of unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses. In connection with the determination of unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, management uses the methodology described later in this footnote in "Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses."

Management believes that the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses is adequate. While management uses available information to estimate unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, future changes to the liability may be necessary based on claims experience and changing claims frequency and severity conditions, as well as changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards in Kentucky. The future changes will be charged or credited to expenses when they occur.

Investment Securities

Investment securities consist of fixed maturity debt and equity securities that KLCIS intends to use as part of its asset/liability management policy and securities that may be sold in response to unexpected liquidity needs.

Investment securities are stated at fair value based, generally, on quoted market prices. Changes in the fair value of investment securities are reported as revenue. The specific identification method is used to determine the cost of securities sold. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in interest and investment revenue, under nonoperating revenue.

The investment in the NLC Mutual Insurance Company is carried at cost as required by the Department.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of money market fund investments. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, KLCIS considers all short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Accounts Receivable

In accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the insurance industry, KLCIS records audit premiums as of the fiscal year-end in which they were earned. The allowance for doubtful accounts is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible uncollectible accounts based on prior experience. Amounts are charged against the allowance when management determines that collectibility is doubtful.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of furniture and fixtures, including computer equipment and software net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Premium Revenue

Premiums for contracts are recognized as earned on a pro rata basis over the contract period. Advance premiums relate to premiums paid by members for insurance coverage for the subsequent insurance period. Policy coverage is matched with revenue so as to result in recognition of profits over the life of the policies through establishment of reserves for incurred claims.

Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claims adjustment expense) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Estimated amounts of salvage, subrogation and reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Because actual claims cost depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

To reflect its present value, the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses has been discounted at 3% for both 2014 and 2013. Discounting reduced the liability by \$1,459,382 and \$1,440,273 as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. The effect of discounting on the provision for losses and loss adjustment expenses was a decrease of \$19,109 and an increase of \$176,443 in 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Reinsurance

Reinsurance premiums, losses, and loss adjustment expenses are accounted for on a basis consistent with those used in accounting for the original policies issued and the terms of the reinsurance contracts. Premiums, losses, and loss adjustment expenses are reported net of reinsured amounts. KLCIS evaluates the financial condition of its reinsurers to minimize its exposure to significant losses from reinsurer insolvencies. KLCIS holds funds and collateral as security under reinsurance agreements in the form of letters of credit for any reinsurers not subject to the regulation of the Kentucky Commissioner of Insurance. In the opinion of management, all amounts due from reinsurers at June 30, 2014 and 2013 are recoverable.

Net Position

The Board of Trustees may, at its discretion, refund to members the savings, if any, resulting from operations of KLCIS in the form of dividends or reduced premiums. The amount of any future dividends or reductions in premiums is dependent of KLCIS' ultimate liability for claims incurred and, accordingly, the amount may differ from net position. No refunds were issued during 2014 or 2013.

KLCIS received initial capital contributions from members to provide start-up surplus. Capital contributions were primarily determined based on a percentage of current annual premiums. Capital contributions are refundable only at the discretion of the Board of Trustees.

In the event of adverse loss experience, KLCIS can assess additional amounts to the members. An assessment would be computed and established by the Board of Trustees with each member's share being in proportion to their annual premiums relative to premiums of all members. There have been no assessments levied since the inception of KLCIS.

Federal Income Taxes

The Internal Revenue Service has ruled that the income of KLCIS is excludable from gross income, and therefore, exempt from taxation pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 115, which pertains to instrumentalities of state and local governments.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for accounting and disclosure requirements through October 27, 2014, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. Other than as discussed at Note 7, there were no events occurring during the evaluation period that require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

3. Deposits and Investments

The composition of KLCIS' investment portfolio must meet certain criteria as set forth in the Kentucky Revised Statues. Investments held by KLCIS as of June 30, 2014 and 2013 are as follows:

						2014		2013	
Deposits and investments classified as cash and cash equivalents:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,934,765							
Money market mutual funds						\$ 1,691,415 6,755,905	-	4,156,052	
,						- 11	_		
						8,447,320		6,090,817	
Investments classified as investme	ent seci	urities:							
Certificates of deposit						2,989,092		1,491,856	
Corporate bonds						9,818,912		9,122,208	
Municipal bonds						5,443,755		6,391,476	
U.S. government agency obliga	tions					9,059,768		6,337,085	
Equity mutual funds	7,270,572		4,602,147						
Equity securities						7,885,715		7,707,921	
						42,467,814	_	35,652,693	
Total deposits and investme	ents					\$_50,915,134	\$	41,743,510	
As of June 30, 2014 KLCIS had the fo	ollowir	ig investment	matı	urities in year	s:				
		Less than 1		1-5		6-10	Me	ore than 10	
Certificates of deposit	\$	249,327	\$	2,739,765	\$	1.5	\$		
Corporate bonds		679,918		8,282,164		856,830		-	
Municipal bonds		1,240,367		3,354,280		849,108			
U.S. government agency									
obligations	-			4,529,262	-	500,890		4,029,616	
Total maturities	\$	2,169,612	\$	18,905,471	\$_	2,206,828	\$	4,029,616	

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

3. Deposits and Investments, continued

Interest and investment revenue is comprised of the following for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013:

	<u>2014</u>	2013
Interest and dividend income Realized gains on sales of securities	\$ 825,023 1,571,382	The state of the s
Unrealized gains (losses) on securities	996,227	DO CONTRACTOR CONTRACT
	\$3,392,632	\$ <u>1,139,135</u>

Credit Risk

Pursuant to state law, no more that 20% of admitted assets may be invested in medium and lower grade investments; no more than 10% of admitted assets may be invested in lower grade securities; investments with a rating of 5 or 6 from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) cannot exceed 3% of admitted assets; investments with a rating of 6 from a NRSRO cannot exceed 1% of admitted assets. KLCIS' internal investment policy does not allow the purchase of medium or lower grade investments; however, investments already owned may be retained when the rating drops from high grade to medium or lower grades.

State law and KLCIS' policy both state that total medium and lower grade investments issued, assumed, guaranteed, accepted or insured by any one organization (or as to asset back securities, any interest in a single asset or pool of assets) may not exceed 1% of admitted assets. KLCIS' policy further states that total medium grade holdings tied to a single source shall be limited to 1% of total assets. State law and KLCIS' policy both require that no more than 3% of admitted assets shall be invested in any single asset or, for asset backed securities, any single pool of assets.

State law requires that no individual equity holding shall comprise greater that 10% of the equity portion of the portfolio at the time of purchase. It also states that an investment in an individual holding shall not represent at the time of purchase more that 5% of the market value of the holding. Furthermore, state law requires that investments in equities shall not exceed 20% of the total market value of the portfolio of the self-insurance group at the time of purchase. In addition, mutual funds that are registered investment advisors licensed by the Securities Exchange Commission and Commonwealth of Kentucky to perform investment services are allowable and shall not exceed 20% of the total market value of the portfolio at the time of purchase.

As of June 30, 2014, KLCIS was invested in the following government agency bonds; Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal National Mortgage Association. Of these bonds that were rated, all had AAA ratings. KLCIS also invested in corporate bonds which ranged in ratings from BAA2 to AA2. Additional investments included municipal bonds, all of which had AA3 to AAA ratings.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

3. Deposits and Investments, continued

Concentration of Credit Risk

More than 5% of KLCIS' investments are in securities issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank. These investments represented 7.2% of KLCIS' total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

KLCIS maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. KLCIS has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash. Cash equivalents include investments in a money market fund that are not federally insured.

4. Reinsurance Coverage

For 2014 and 2013, KLCIS purchased reinsurance coverage for the liability pool from reinsurance carriers rated "A" (Excellent) and "A+" (Superior) by A.M. Best and Company. The policy is for specific coverage on claims \$9,000,000 in excess of \$1,000,000 and the reinsurance carriers maintain equal participation for the policy.

Reinsurance coverage for the property pool is purchased from various reinsurers, each of which has been assigned a rating of "A" (Excellent) or "A+" (Superior) by A.M. Best and Company. In addition to specific excess of loss reinsurance for claims in excess of \$350,000, the property pool also maintains aggregate reinsurance coverage. Policy limits vary based upon type and amount of insured risk. Reinsurance premiums are based upon a percentage of direct property pool premium revenue or total insured value.

Although the purchase of reinsurance coverage does not discharge KLCIS from it primary liability to its members, the reinsurance company that assumes the coverage assumes the related liability, and it is the practice of organizations such as KLCIS for accounting purposes to treat insured risks, to the extent of reinsurance coverage, as though they were risks for which KLCIS is not liable. However, KLCIS remains contingently liable in the event its reinsurers are unable to meet their contractual obligations.

Reinsurance premiums ceded were \$2,986,875 and \$3,795,688 for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Additional recoveries accrued on paid claims during 2014 and 2013 were \$1,200,430 and \$1,243,012, respectively. The liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses has been reduced to reflect reinsurance recoverables on policy case reserves and estimated recoverables on claims incurred but not reported by \$1,261,786 and \$2,681,150 in 2014 and 2013, respectively.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

5. Related Party Transactions

The following are related entities of KLCIS:

Kentucky League of Cities (KLC)

Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Agency (KLCIA)

Kentucky League of Cities Premium Finance Company (KLCPFC)

Kentucky League of Cities Unemployment Compensation Reimbursement Trust (KLCUCRT)

Kentucky Local Government Health Trust (KLGHT)

Kentucky League of Cities Workers Compensation Trust (KLCWCT)

Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Workers Compensation Fund (KSBITWCF)

Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Property and Liability Fund (KSBITPLF)

KLCIS was organized by KLC at the request of the state municipalities. KLC provides substantially all of KLCIS' operational, management and administrative services in exchange for an administrative fee based on allocated costs plus a percentage of earned premiums. Total administrative fees under the agreement amounted to \$3,979,928 and \$3,541,689 for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

KLCIS participates in a marketing agreement with KLCIA which provides that KLCIS pay a commission for member accounts marketed or serviced by KLCIA. Commission expense under the agreement was \$890,889 and \$783,500 for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

KLCIS' directors' and officers' insurance provides coverage for KLC board members. Also, certain trustees of KLCIS are directors for KLC. KLC serves as administrator of KLCIS.

KLCIS reports amounts as being due from or due to related parties. Related party receivables and payables included within KLCIS' statements of net assets consist of the following as of June 30:

	į	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
KLC accounts payable	\$	(523,718) \$	(292,712)
KLCWCT accounts receivable		361,550	330,051
KLCPFC accounts payable	19	-	(12,357)
KLCIA accounts receivable (payable)	-	81,629	(51,166)
Net payable to related entities	\$	(80,539) \$	(26,184)

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

6. Liability for Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Activity in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 is summarized as follows:

		<u>Liabili</u>	Pool	Proper	ty P	<u>y Pool</u>		
	2014			2013		<u>2014</u>		2013
Net unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, beginning of year	\$	25,129,131	\$	25,619,258	\$	1,060,138	\$	1,052,730
Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses: Provision for insured events of		10						
the current year Increase (decrease) in provision for		10,029,264		9,319,780		2,286,732		1,100,694
insured events of prior years	-	1,325,531		(2,632,015)	_	(723,902)	-	627,683
Total incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses		11,354,795		6,687,765		1,562,830		1,728,377
Payments: Losses and loss adjustment expenses								
attributable to insured events of the current year Losses and loss adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of		2,229,692		2,100,226		1,304,738		600,248
prior years	_	6,813,278	_	5,077,666	_	155,444	8 1	1,120,721
Total payments	_	9,042,970	i -	7,177,892	<u>-</u>	1,460,182		1,720,969
Net unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, end of year	\$_	27,440,956	\$_	25,129,131	\$	1,162,786	\$	1,060,138

An increase (decrease) in the provision for insured events of prior years signifies that KLCIS expects higher (lower) than anticipated ultimate losses in the final disposition of claims.

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

7. Litigation

On August 26, 2014, the Department filed a suit against KLC, KLCIS, and the Kentucky School Boards Association for an unspecified amount of damages related to the administration of KSBIT. Specifically, the complaint contains allegations of negligence and misrepresentation in connection with the management of KSBITWCF and KSBITPLF. The allegations against KLC and KLCIS are limited to the time period beginning January 2010 through July 2013. KLC and KLCIS strongly deny the allegations. Discovery has begun and a preliminary analysis by defense counsel concludes that both entities have a strong defense and the potential for liability is low. KLC and KLCIS are covered by an Errors and Omissions and Directors' and Officers' Liability Policy issued by Lloyds of London through Broker's Risk Services with a \$10 million limit. The claim has been reported to the carrier and a defense is being provided for both entities under the policy.



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association Lexington, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association (KLCIS), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2014, and the related statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered KLCIS's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses to be a significant deficiency.

Board of Trustees Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether KLCIS' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Management's Response to Finding

Management's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. Management's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dean Dotton allen Ford, PLLC

October 27, 2014

Lexington, Kentucky

Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year ended June 30, 2014

Section I - Summary of Independent Auditors' Results:

Financial Statements:

- a. The type of report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified opinion
- b. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses: No

Significant deficiencies that are not considered to be material weaknesses: Yes

c. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: No

Section II - Financial Statement Findings:

Finding 2014-001:

Criteria, Condition, and Effect:

During the audit, we noted that administrative fees paid to a related entity have not been "trued up" from budgeted costs to actual costs incurred, in accordance with the administration agreement in place. This practice may lead to liabilities or assets of KLCIS not being recorded, which over time can cause misstatements to the financial statements.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the "true up" reconciliation between actual and budgeted administrative fees be performed. Additionally, we recommend that management perform a review of significant contracts and agreements for accounting implications and maintain a document that summarizes the accounting implications and the plan to ensure the proper accounting treatment.

Management Response:

Management has reviewed all significant contracts and agreements and recorded the accounting implications. The administrative fees paid to a related entity have been "trued up" for budget to actual costs for the last three fiscal years, and an adjustment of \$28,262 has been recorded through June 30, 2014 on the financial statements of the KLCIS.

Statements of Net Position Information

June 30, 2014 and 2013

2014 2013

Assets	Liability	y Pool	Property Pool	<u>Total</u>		Liability Pool	Prop	perty Pool		<u>Total</u>
Investment securities, at fair value	\$ 42,	467,814	\$ -	\$ 42,46	7,814	\$ 35,652,693	\$	-	\$	35,652,693
Cash and cash equivalents	8,	447,320	-	8,44	7,320	6,090,817		1.5		6,090,817
Accounts receivable, net		86,698	84,931	17	1,629	127,983		1,720		129,703
Reinsurance receivable		15,521	903,916	91	9,437	389,884		1,356,710		1,746,594
Accrued investment income	5	148,218	-	14	8,218	153,484		-		153,484
Prepaid expenses		329,454	346,302	67	5,756	142,211		107,290		249,501
Membership in NLC Mutual Insurance Company	Ď	620,037	5	62	0,037	620,037		-		620,037
Property and equipment, net		194,473	40,365	23	4,838	238,115		36,368	_	274,483
Total assets	52,	309,535	1,375,514	53,68	5,049	43,415,224		1,502,088		44,917,312
Liabilities										
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses:										
Reported claims	16,	826,735	557,497	17,38	4,232	13,818,054		573,217		14,391,271
Incurred but not reported claims	9,	645,808	557,372	10,20	3,180	10,415,955		444,289		10,860,244
Unallocated loss adjustment expenses		968,413	47,917	1,01	6,330	895,122	_	42,632		937,754
Total unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses	27,	440,956	1,162,786	28,60	3,742	25,129,131		1,060,138		26,189,269
Accounts payable		379,429	236,579	61	6,008	240,051		54,226		294,277
Payable to related entities, net	5,	449,674	(5,369,135)	8	0,539	3,075,338		(3,049,154)		26,184
Advance premiums	2,	317,021	1,048,592	3,36	5,613	1,698,633		750,679		2,449,312
-										
Total liabilities	35,	.587,080	(2,921,178)	32,66	5,902	30,143,153	-	(1,184,111)	ă.	28,959,042
Net Position										
Net position	\$16,	722,455	\$ 4,296,692	\$21,01	9,147	\$ 13,272,071	\$	2,686,199	\$	15,958,270

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Information

Years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

			201	14		2013								
	Lia	ability Pool	Propert	y Pool		<u>Total</u>	Lia	ability Pool	Pro	perty Pool		<u>Total</u>		
Operating revenue:														
Net premiums earned	\$	19,197,984	\$ 5,	,074,027	\$	24,272,011	\$	16,898,971	\$	3,820,808	\$	20,719,779		
Operating expenses:														
Losses and loss adjustment expenses		11,354,795	1,	,562,829		12,917,624		6,687,765		1,728,377		8,416,142		
Commission expense		2,163,946	1,	,315,740		3,479,686		1,841,738		1,026,057		2,867,795		
Claims administration expense		908,322		249,653		1,157,975		904,951		177,287		1,082,238		
Loss prevention expenses		208,916	-	-		208,916		291,082		3,282		294,364		
Professional fees		237,794		171,639		409,433		297,787		165,692		463,479		
Administrative fees, related entity		2,946,442	1,	,033,486		3,979,928		2,676,331		865,358		3,541,689		
Other expenses		370,901		81,370		452,271		298,534		44,597	_	343,131		
Total operating expenses		18,191,116	4,	,414,717		22,605,833		12,998,188		4,010,650	_	17,008,838		
Operating income (loss)		1,006,868		659,310		1,666,178		3,900,783		(189,842)		3,710,941		
Nonoperating revenue:														
Interest and investment revenue		2,443,004		949,628		3,392,632		1,112,909		26,226		1,139,135		
Other income		30,212		1,555		31,767		40,868		7,652		48,520		
other meome	_	00/212	3	1,000		52/. 5.	-	20/000		.,,	98			
Total nonoperating revenue		2,473,216		951,183		3,424,399		1,153,777		33,878		1,187,655		
				50		<i>a a</i>		25 V.S.		155				
Nonoperating expense:														
Loss on disposal of assets		29,700				29,700		- 2	-	/(=	_			
Nonoperating income		2,443,516		951,183	87	3,394,699		1,153,777		33,878	_	1,187,655		
Change in net position		3,450,384	1,	,610,493		5,060,877		5,054,560		(155,964)		4,898,596		
Net position, beginning of year		13,272,071	2,	,686,199		15,958,270		8,217,511		2,842,163		11,059,674		
					,,,									
Net position, end of year	\$	16,722,455	\$4,	,296,692	\$	21,019,147	\$	13,272,071	\$	2,686,199	\$_	15,958,270		

See report of independent auditors.

Claims Development Information (*Unaudited*) Years ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

The following table illustrates how the Association's earned premium revenue (net of reinsurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by reinsurers) and other expenses assumed by the Association as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows: (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's gross premium revenue and investment revenue, premium revenue ceded to reinsurers, and net earned premium revenue and reported investment revenue. (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of the Association including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims. (3) This line shows the Association's gross incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses, claims assumed by reinsurers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported as of the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year). (4) This section shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year. (5) This line shows the latest reestimated amount of claims assumed by reinsurers as of the end of the current year for each accident year. (6) This section shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. (This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known.) (7) This line compares the latest reestimated net incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of net claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts commonly is used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy year

		Liability Pool																
								Fiscal and Policy Year Ended										
		2005	2006	2007		2008		2009	•	2010		2011		2012		2013		2014
(1)	Earned premium revenue and net investment income: Earned	\$ 19,765,935	\$ 20,200,768	\$ 22,961,7	 26 \$	21,786,096	<u> </u>	18,807,426	•	20,240,270	\$	19,402,472	\$	17,728,986	\$	19,521,227	\$	22,502,661
	Ceded	3,307,028	3,736,606	4,376,1		4,565,945	3	4,122,608	Ф	4,067,453	Þ	2,348,135	Þ	1,485,434	Þ	1,509,347	Þ	861,673
		16,458,907	16,464,162	18,585,5		17,220,151	_	14,684,818	_	16,172,817		17,054,337	-	16,243,552		18,011,880		21,640,988
	Net earned	10,458,907	10,404,102	10,505,50	50	17,220,131		14,004,010		10,172,017		17,034,337		10,243,332		10,011,000		21,040,900
(2)	Unallocated expenses	4,416,830	4,988,671	5,866,6	15	6,426,405		6,251,928		6,217,737		5,706,601		5,884,973		6,310,423		6,836,320
(3)	Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end																	
	of policy year:	0.715.704	0.000.704	10 524 8	22	11,689,774		11 7/0 205		10,948,096		13,486,832		4,527,857		3,935,737		4,809,511
	Incurred	8,715,784	8,822,684 74,476	10,534,8	55	11,009,774		11,768,385		10,940,090		13,460,632		4,327,037		3,933,737		4,009,311
	Ceded	201,324		10 524 8		11,689,774	-	11,768,385	_	10,948,096	_	13,486,832	_	4,527,857	_	3,935,737	_	4,809,511
	Net incurred	8,514,460	8,748,208	10,534,8	53	11,089,774		11,768,383		10,948,096		13,486,832		4,527,657		3,933,737		4,009,311
(4)	Net paid (cumulative) as of:	101 0040 1 1000																2 220 402
	End of policy year	1,769,419	1,872,350	2,048,8		2,413,020		2,193,272		2,073,659		2,327,494		2,267,470		2,100,226		2,229,692
	One year later	2,904,133	4,269,039	3,953,7		4,589,949		4,449,503		3,934,091		4,078,942		3,323,205		3,932,110		
	Two years later	4,297,486	6,264,229	5,408,4		6,925,392		6,777,006		5,184,363		5,668,523		4,703,604				
	Three years later	7,022,278	7,361,262	6,929,3		8,482,193		7,944,206		6,318,178		7,793,652						
	Four years later	8,336,391	8,651,218	7,595,6		9,471,504		8,312,890		7,223,279								
	Five years later	8,471,800	8,763,106	7,704,0		9,646,816		8,807,471										
	Six years later	8,658,858	9,007,734	7,829,2		9,864,169												
	Seven years later	8,735,381	9,119,744	7,873,3	79													
	Eight years later	8,746,493	9,164,851															
	Nine years later	10,196,854																
(5)	Reestimated ceded claims and expenses	855,518	579,834			8 8 8				15		•		1.		•		6 5 2
(6)	Reestimated net incurred claims and																	
	expenses:																	
	End of policy year	8,514,460	8,748,208	10,534,8		11,689,774		11,768,385		10,948,096		13,486,832		4,527,857		3,935,737		4,809,511
	One year later	7,992,200	9,192,945	9,306,5	48	11,940,064		11,603,795		10,904,727		8,622,793		6,600,636		7,651,584		
	Two years later	8,265,582	9,704,319	9,453,6		12,129,275		10,604,964		8,276,099		9,941,020		7,984,353				
	Three years later	9,005,291	9,417,554	8,999,1		11,189,006		9,050,356		8,447,681		10,886,113						
	Four years later	8,989,550	9,361,716	8,464,3		10,053,370		9,200,913		8,430,904								
	Five years later	9,033,362	9,218,997	7,928,2		10,128,669		9,541,489										
	Six years later	8,973,507	9,212,745	8,156,8		10,516,855												
	Seven years later	8,795,656	9,282,259	8,195,6	00													
	Either years later	8,762,127	9,164,851															
	Nine years later	8,762,127																
(7)	Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred																	
	claims and expenses from the end of the																	
	policy year	247,667	416,643	(2,339,2	83)	(1,172,919)		(2,226,896)		(2,517,192)		(2,600,719)		3,456,496		3,715,847		

See report of independent auditors.

Claims Development Information (*Unaudited*) Years ended June 30, 2005 through 2014

The following table illustrates how the Association's earned premium revenue (net of reinsurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by reinsurers) and other expenses assumed by the Association as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows: (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's gross premium revenue and investment revenue, premium revenue ceded to reinsurers, and net earned premium revenue and reported investment revenue. (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of the Association including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims. (3) This line shows the Association's gross incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses, claims assumed by reinsurers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported as of the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year). (4) This section shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year. (5) This line shows the latest reestimated amount of claims assumed by reinsurers as of the end of the current year for each accident year. (6) This section shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. (This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known.) (7) This line compares the latest reestimated net incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of net claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts commonly is used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The

			Property Pool																			
										Fiscal and Policy Year Ended												
			2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	,	2010		2011		2012	2013			2014	
(1)	Earned premium revenue and net investment income:	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-										
	Earned	\$	5,301,624	5	5,722,978	5	6,719,752	5	6,811,806	\$	6,365,897	5	6,902,352	5	6,136,090	\$	5,534,204	5	6,133,375	5	8,148,857	
	Ceded		1,764,738		1,873,329		2,407,379		1,546,039		1,292,868		1,646,914		1,724,440		2,063,778		2,286,341		2,125,202	
	Net earned		3,536,886	7.0	3,849,649		4,312,373		5,265,767		5,073,029		5,255,438		4,411,650		3,470,426		3,847,034	0.7	6,023,655	
(2)	Unallocated expenses		1,362,933		1,648,508		1,988,126		2,324,599		2,561,715		2,856,688		2,456,818		2,136,191		2,282,273		2,851,889	
(3)	Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end																					
	of policy year:																					
	Incurred		2,604,136		1,615,183		2,258,864		1,887,785		2,491,363		4,257,461		1,634,377		1,318,409		800,317		1,729,516	
	Ceded	-	801,118	-	352,000		505,000	_	507,046		735,645	_	2,186,714		315,968	_		_		_		
	Net incurred		1,803,018		1,263,183		1,753,864		1,380,739		1,755,718		2,070,747		1,318,409		1,318,409		800,317		1,729,516	
(4)	Net paid (cumulative) as of:																				4 004 000	
	End of policy year		1,123,046		1,095,824		878,190		1,116,949		569,117		1,096,057		842,088		1,040,802		600,248		1,304,738	
	One year later		1,564,130		1,708,538		1,154,813		1,492,362		2,031,162		1,690,691		2,041,327		1,659,994		965,289			
	Two years later		1,609,723		1,713,367		1,304,994		1,607,098		2,066,094		1,938,334		2,207,441		2,056,055					
	Three years later		1,609,723		1,713,586		1,304,994		1,686,563		2,113,937		1,993,774		2,211,774							
	Four years later Five years later		1,609,723 1,609,724		1,713,586		1,305,082		1,686,125 1,686,125		2,113,809		1,993,654									
	Six years later		1,611,815		1,713,674 1,712,970		1,305,038 1,305,078		1,686,125		2,113,809											
	Seven years later		1,611,815		1,712,970		1,305,078		1,000,125													
	Eight years later		1,611,815		1,712,216		1,303,233															
	Nine years later		161,815		1,711,839																	
(5)	Reestimated ceded claims and expenses		1,249,869		537,724		326,308		478,414		735,645				13,218		2		=		_	
(6)	Reestimated net incurred claims and																					
(-)	expenses:																					
	End of policy year		1,803,018		1,263,183		1,753,864		1,380,739		1,755,718		2,070,747		1,318,409		1,318,409		800,317		1,729,516	
	One year later		1,635,969		1,718,492		1,264,938		1,513,503		2,243,833		1,745,691		2,406,715		2,030,141		1,006,189			
	Two years later		1,609,723		1,716,736		1,312,943		1,607,098		2,091,094		1,948,334		2,210,441		2,056,055					
	Three years later		1,609,723		1,713,586		1,304,994		1,686,563		2,113,937		1,993,774		2,211,774							
	Four years later		1,609,723		1,713,586		1,305,082		1,686,125		2,113,809		1,993,654									
	Five years later		1,609,724		1,713,674		1,305,038		1,686,125		2,113,809											
	Six years later		1,611,815		1,712,970		1,305,078		1,686,125													
	Seven years later		1,611,815		1,712,216		1,305,253		50 ** COMMENCATO													
	Either years later		1,611,815		1,711,839																	
	Nine years later		1,611,815																			
(7)	Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred																					
	claims and expenses from the end of the																					
	policy year		(191,203)		448,656		(448,611)		305,386		358,091		(77,093)		893,365		737,646		205,872		-	

See report of independent auditors.