



Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

for

**KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES
INSURANCE SERVICES
ASSOCIATION**

Year Ended June 30, 2022
with Report of Independent Auditors

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Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Trustees
Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association
Lexington, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association (KLCIS), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022, the related statements of revenues, expenses and change in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of KLCIS, as of June 30, 2022, and the change in its net position and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of KLCIS and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2021, KLCIS adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with GAAP, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about KLCIS's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements, continued

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about KLCIS's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

GAAP requires that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 - 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements, continued

Required Supplementary Information, continued

the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audits of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that comprise KLCIS' basic financial statements. The supplementary information on pages 26 - 29 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplemental information required by the Department of Insurance of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2022 on our consideration of KLCIS' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering KLCIS' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Dean Dotson Allen Ford, PLLC

Lexington, Kentucky
October 21, 2022

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis (*Unaudited*)

Year ended June 30, 2022

Our discussion and analysis of the Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association (KLCIS) provides an overview of KLCIS' financial activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements, which begin on page 7.

Using this Annual Report

This report consists of the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and supplemental information.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

KLCIS adopted Government Account Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87) on July 1, 2021. The objective of this statement is to address government lessee's recognition of lease liabilities, intangible assets, and report amortization expense for using the lease; interest expense on the lease liability; and, note disclosures about the leases. Another objective of this statement is to address government lessor's recognition of a leases receivable, deferred inflows, and report lease revenue, interest income, and note disclosures about the leases. The prior year amounts in our discussion and analysis do not reflect any adjustments from the adoption of GASB 87.

Statements of Net Position

Table 1 shows all of the assets and liabilities of KLCIS and is presented on the accrual basis. Total net position decreased \$3,494,415 for the current fiscal year. Since 2015, the overall net position has increased \$39,211,574. This growth in surplus better positions KLCIS in the event of possible adverse claims development while at the same time providing more rate stability for our members.

Table 1
Net Position

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash and investments	\$ 93,800,129	\$105,461,158
Capital and other assets	<u>13,854,359</u>	<u>6,982,829</u>
Total assets	107,654,488	112,443,987
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	40,200,322	42,944,747
Other liabilities	<u>4,323,896</u>	<u>2,874,555</u>
Total liabilities	<u>44,524,218</u>	<u>45,819,302</u>
Net position	\$ <u>63,130,270</u>	\$ <u>66,624,685</u>

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis (*Unaudited*), continued

Year ended June 30, 2022

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

Table 2 shows all the revenues and expenses of KLCIS and is also presented on the accrual basis. Net earned premium revenue decreased \$205,528, or 0.67%, from the prior fiscal year. Investment and other revenues resulted in a \$6,842,356 loss. Loss and loss adjustment expense increased from prior year (see Footnote 7 for details). The change in net position was a decrease of 5.2% and an increase of 2.9% for 2022 and 2021, respectively. The decrease in net position is mainly due to unrealized losses on investments.

Table 2
Change in Net Position

Year ended June 30,	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Net premiums earned	\$ 30,634,642	\$ 30,840,170
Investment and other (loss) revenue	<u>(6,842,357)</u>	<u>12,050,941</u>
Total revenue	23,792,285	42,891,111
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	14,599,531	13,271,900
General administrative expenses	<u>12,687,169</u>	<u>11,443,224</u>
Total expenses	<u>27,286,700</u>	<u>24,715,124</u>
Change in net position	\$ <u>(3,494,415)</u>	\$ <u>18,175,987</u>

Description of Current and Expected Conditions

In the last few years, KLCIS has taken measures to fine tune the efforts of loss control, underwriting and claims. Additional resources have been allocated to each of these areas in the form of closer management oversight of third party administrators, a claims awareness campaign by loss control and additional emphasis on membership accountability of results via underwriting activities. KLCIS has conducted training programs specifically designed for newly elected officials, which has helped reduce employment related claims. Additional resources have also been allocated to improve the liability and safety review program and to equip members with the resources necessary to effectively conduct monthly safety meetings. Management believes the synergistic effect of these three departments has contributed to favorable results. Favorable results are only possible with the continued support and cooperation of the KLCIS membership.

The management of KLCIS is not aware of any other significant changes in conditions that would have a significant effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Organization in the near future.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Management's Discussion and Analysis (*Unaudited*), continued

Year ended June 30, 2022

Contacting KLCIS' Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of KLCIS' finances and to show KLCIS' accountability to its members. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Kentucky League of Cities office at 100 East Vine Street, Suite 800, Lexington, KY 40507.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Assets

Investment securities, at fair value	\$ 84,758,273
Cash and cash equivalents	9,041,856
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$16,200	385,490
Excess insurance recoverable	5,177,845
Receivable from related entities, net	2,776,830
Accrued investment income	388,479
Prepaid expenses	133,320
Membership in NLC Mutual Insurance Company	4,956,178
Capital assets, net	<u>36,217</u>
Total assets	107,654,488

Liabilities

Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses:	
Reported claims	27,881,388
Incurred but not reported claims	10,803,795
Unallocated loss adjustment expenses	<u>1,515,139</u>
Total unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	40,200,322
Accounts payable	847,397
Advance premiums	3,448,965
Leases payable	<u>27,534</u>
Total liabilities	<u>44,524,218</u>

Net Position

Net position	\$ <u>63,130,270</u>
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See accompanying notes.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position

Year ended June 30, 2022

Operating revenue:	
Net premiums earned	\$ 30,634,642
Operating expenses:	
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	14,599,531
Commission expense	3,725,070
Claims administration expense	1,457,709
Loss prevention expenses	972,842
Professional fees	551,485
Administrative fees, related entity	5,094,936
Other expenses	<u>884,101</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>27,285,674</u>
Operating income	3,348,968
Nonoperating (expenses) revenues:	
Net investment loss	(7,317,613)
Interest expense	(1,026)
Other income	<u>475,256</u>
Total nonoperating expenses	<u>(6,843,383)</u>
Change in net position	(3,494,415)
Net position, beginning of year	<u>66,624,685</u>
Net position, end of year	\$ <u>63,130,270</u>

See accompanying notes.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended June 30, 2022

Cash flows from operating activities:

Premiums collected	\$ 31,774,117
Losses and loss adjustment expenses paid	(17,343,956)
Underwriting expenses paid	(17,644,767)
Other payments	<u>(1,016,353)</u>

Net cash used in operating activities (4,230,959)

Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:

Purchase of property and equipment	(5,861)
Principal payments on leases payable	(12,302)
Interest paid	<u>(1,026)</u>

Net cash used in capital and related financing activities (19,189)

Cash flows from investing activities:

Purchases of investments	(47,198,008)
Proceeds from maturity of investments	14,180,068
Proceeds from sale of investments	15,062,459
Interest, dividends and gains received	<u>3,184,990</u>

Net cash used in investing activities (14,770,491)

Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (19,020,639)

Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year 28,062,495

Cash and cash equivalents, end of year \$ 9,041,856

See accompanying notes.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Statement of Cash Flows, continued

Year ended June 30, 2022

Reconciliation of operating income to net cash used in operating activities:

Operating income	\$ 3,348,968
Adjustments:	
Depreciation	23,659
Provision for doubtful accounts	1,696
Other income	475,256
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in:	
Accounts receivable	33,375
Excess insurance recoverable	(4,036,801)
Receivable from related entities, net	(2,357,408)
Prepaid expenses	19,433
Membership in NLC Mutual Insurance Company	(416,519)
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses	(2,744,425)
Accounts payable	315,707
Advance premiums	<u>1,106,100</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>\$ (4,230,959)</u>

See accompanying notes.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Description of Organization

Kentucky Municipal Risk Management Association (the Association) was established in April 1987 under the authorization of the Kentucky Interlocal Cooperation Act of the Kentucky Revised Statutes for the purpose of creating and operating various self-insurance, insurance and investment trusts. It is an unincorporated, nonprofit association voluntarily established by the participating cities, urban-county governments and related public agencies and political subdivisions within the Commonwealth of Kentucky. During 2003, the Association changed its name to Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association (KLCIS).

KLCIS has received a Certificate of Filing from the Department of Insurance of the Commonwealth of Kentucky (the Department), but is exempt from most statutory requirements that commercial insurers must follow. KLCIS' general objectives are to formulate, develop and administer, on behalf of the member political subdivisions, a program of insurance liability coverage as well as auto physical damage coverage for participating municipalities (the liability pool). All coverages are written on an occurrence basis. In addition, KLCIS operates a property insurance program for participating municipalities (the property pool). Participation in the liability and property pools included 470 and 427 members, respectively, as of June 30, 2022.

Following is a description of the most significant risks facing property/casualty insurers and how KLCIS mitigates those risks:

Legal/Regulatory Risk

Legal/regulatory risk is the risk that changes in the legal or regulatory environment in which an insurer operates will occur and create additional losses or expenses not anticipated by the insurer in pricing its products. That is, regulatory initiatives designed to reduce insurer profits or new legal theories may create costs for the insurer beyond those currently recorded in the financial statements. KLCIS is exposed to this risk by writing all of its business in Kentucky, thus increasing its exposure to a single jurisdiction. This risk is reduced by underwriting and loss adjusting practices that identify and minimize the adverse impact of this risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that issuers of securities owned by an insurer will default or that other parties, including excess insurance carriers, that owe the insurer money will not pay. KLCIS minimizes this risk by adhering to a conservative investment strategy, by utilizing financially sound excess insurance carriers, by maintaining credit and collection policies, and by providing an allowance for any amounts deemed uncollectible.

Geographic Risk

Geographic risk is the risk that catastrophic losses will occur in one concentrated area where KLCIS does business. KLCIS writes all of its business in Kentucky. KLCIS mitigates this risk by adhering to specified underwriting practices and by obtaining catastrophic excess insurance coverage.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

1. Description of Organization, continued

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that interest rates will change and cause a decrease in the value of an insurer's investments. KLCIS mitigates this risk by attempting to match the maturity schedule of its assets with the expected payouts of its liabilities. To the extent that liabilities come due more quickly than assets mature, an insurer would have to sell assets prior to maturity and recognize a gain or loss. KLCIS uses the segmented time distribution method to measure interest rate risk.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

KLCIS uses the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period incurred.

KLCIS presents its financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. As a proprietary activity, KLCIS has adopted GASB Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*. Therefore, KLCIS follows GASB pronouncements and all Financial Accounting Standards Board and predecessor boards' pronouncements except those that conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near-term relate to the determination of unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses. In connection with the determination of unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, management uses the methodology described later in this footnote in "Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses."

Management believes that the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses is adequate. While management uses available information to estimate unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, future changes to the liability may be necessary based on claims experience and changing claims frequency and severity conditions, as well as changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards in Kentucky. The future changes will be charged or credited to expenses when they occur.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

Effective July 1, 2021, KLCIS adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* (GASB 87). The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognize inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources.

Net position has not been impacted as a result of the implementation of GASB 87. The table below reflects the impact on the financial statement amounts from implementation of GASB 87.

	<u>Leased Assets, included in Capital Assets</u>	<u>Leases Payable</u>
June 30, 2021	\$ -	\$ -
Adjustment from implementation of GASB 87	<u>39,836</u>	<u>39,836</u>
July 1, 2021 as restated	<u>\$ 39,836</u>	<u>\$ 39,836</u>

Investment Securities

Investment securities consist of fixed maturity debt and equity securities that KLCIS intends to use as part of its asset/liability management policy and securities that may be sold in response to unexpected liquidity needs.

Investment securities are stated at fair value based, generally, on quoted market prices. Changes in the fair value of investment securities are reported as revenue. The specific identification method is used to determine the cost of securities sold. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in interest and investment revenue, under nonoperating revenue.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of money market fund investments. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, KLCIS considers all short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Accounts Receivable

In accordance with GAAP in the insurance industry, KLCIS records audit premiums as of the fiscal year-end in which they were earned. The allowance for doubtful accounts is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb possible uncollectible accounts based on prior experience. Amounts are charged against the allowance when management determines that collectability is doubtful.

Membership in NLC Mutual Insurance Company

The membership in NLC Mutual Insurance Company is carried at cost plus allocated surplus as allowed by the Department.

Capital Assets

Capital assets consist of furniture and fixtures, including computer equipment and related software net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Leases

Leases are contracts that convey control of a right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction.

Short-term Leases

For leases with a maximum term of 12-months or less at the commencement date of the lease, KLCIS recognizes rental income or lease expense as amounts become due under the lease agreement.

KLCIS as Lessee

Lease liabilities on the statement of net position represent the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Lease payments are discounted to present value using the rate implicit in the lease, when it can be readily determined, or KLCIS's incremental borrowing rate at the commencement of the lease. In subsequent years, amortization of the discount is included in interest expense in the statement of revenues, expense and change in net position.

Variable payments based on future performance of KLCIS, usage of the underlying asset or criteria other than an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability. Those variable payments are recognized as lease expense in the period in which the obligation for those payments is incurred.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Leases, continued

KLCIS as Lessee, continued

At commencement of the lease, a right to use asset is recorded on the statement of net position in an amount equal to the corresponding lease liability plus lease payments paid by KLCIS at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term. The right to use asset also includes any initial direct costs that are necessary to place the leased asset into service. The right to use asset is amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the right to use asset.

Subsequent to the commencement of the lease, the lease liability and right to use asset are remeasured if certain criteria are met.

Premium Revenue

Premiums for contracts are recognized as earned on a pro rata basis over the contract period. Advance premiums relate to premiums paid by members for insurance coverage for the subsequent insurance period. Policy coverage is matched with revenue so as to result in recognition of profits over the life of the policies through establishment of reserves for incurred claims.

Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claims adjustment expense) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Estimated amounts of salvage, subrogation and excess insurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Because actual claims cost depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

To reflect its present value, the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses has been discounted at 3% for 2022. Discounting reduced the liability by \$2,192,064 as of June 30, 2022. The effect of discounting on the provision for losses and loss adjustment expenses was an increase of \$16,029 in 2022.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Excess Insurance

Excess insurance premiums, losses, and loss adjustment expenses are accounted for on a basis consistent with those used in accounting for the original policies issued and the terms of the excess insurance contracts. Premiums, losses, and loss adjustment expenses are reported net of excess insurance amounts. KLCIS evaluates the financial condition of its excess insurance carriers to minimize its exposure to significant losses from insolvencies. KLCIS holds funds and collateral as security under excess insurance agreements in the form of letters of credit for any excess insurance carriers not subject to the regulation of the Kentucky Commissioner of Insurance. In the opinion of management, all amounts due from excess insurance carriers at June 30, 2022 is recoverable.

Net Position

The Board of Trustees may, at its discretion, refund to members the savings, if any, resulting from operations of KLCIS in the form of dividends or reduced premiums. The amount of any future dividends or reductions in premiums is dependent of KLCIS' ultimate liability for claims incurred and, accordingly, the amount may differ from the position. No refunds were issued during 2022.

KLCIS received initial capital contributions from members to provide start-up surplus. Capital contributions were primarily determined based on a percentage of current annual premiums. Capital contributions are refundable only at the discretion of the Board of Trustees.

In the event of adverse loss experience, KLCIS can assess additional amounts to the members. An assessment would be computed and established by the Board of Trustees with each member's share being in proportion to their annual premiums relative to premiums of all members. Capital contributions are refundable only at the discretion of the Board of Trustees. There have been no assessments levied since the inception of KLCIS.

Federal Income Taxes

The Internal Revenue Service has ruled that the income of KLCIS is excludable from gross income, and therefore, exempt from taxation pursuant to Internal Revenue Code Section 115, which pertains to instrumentalities of state and local governments.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)*, requiring all SBITAs to be recognized as a right to use subscription intangible asset and a corresponding subscription liability, unless the SBITA is a short-term agreement (generally an agreement with a term of twelve months or less). At the commencement date of the agreement, KLCIS will recognize: 1) a subscription liability for KLCIS's obligation to make payments under the SBITA, measured on a present value basis; and 2) a right to use subscription asset that represents KLCIS's right to use, or control the use of, the specified asset for the SBITA term. Over the term of the SBITA, KLCIS will report amortization expense for using the subscription asset, interest expense on the lease liability, and note disclosures about KLCIS's SBITAs. This statement becomes effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023. KLCIS is evaluating the impact of this statement on the financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events for accounting and disclosure requirements through October 21, 2022, the date that the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. Deposits and Investments

The composition of KLCIS' investment portfolio must meet certain criteria as set forth in the Kentucky Revised Statutes. Investments held by KLCIS as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Deposits and investments classified as cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,771,211
Money market mutual funds	<u>7,270,645</u>
	9,041,856

Investments classified as investment securities:

Certificates of deposit	7,556,041
Corporate bonds	4,183,158
Municipal bonds	9,336,162
Government obligations	25,532,195
U.S. government agency obligations	5,340,148
Equity mutual funds	16,555,780
Equity securities	<u>16,254,789</u>
	<u>84,758,273</u>

Total deposits and investments	\$ <u>93,800,129</u>
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KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

3. Deposits and Investments, continued

As of June 30, 2022, KLCIS had the following investment maturities in years:

	<u>Less than 1</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>6-10</u>	<u>More than 10</u>
Certificates of deposit	\$ 4,705,153	\$ 2,850,888	\$ -	\$ -
Corporate bonds	2,997,488	1,185,670	-	-
Municipal bonds	1,313,713	6,482,449	-	1,540,000
Government obligations	1,493,375	24,038,820	-	-
U.S. government agency obligations	<u>2,000,370</u>	<u>2,883,160</u>	<u>53,878</u>	<u>402,740</u>
Total maturities	<u>\$ 12,510,099</u>	<u>\$ 37,440,987</u>	<u>\$ 53,878</u>	<u>\$ 1,942,740</u>

Net investment loss is comprised of the following for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Interest and dividend income	\$ 1,964,745
Net realized gains on sales of securities	1,313,513
Unrealized losses on securities, net	<u>(10,595,871)</u>
	<u>\$ (7,317,613)</u>

Fair Value

Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that GAAP requires or permits in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quotes prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Certificates of deposit are valued at cost which approximates fair value. All of KLCIS's other investments are actively traded. All investments are categorized as Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy.

Credit Risk

Pursuant to state law, no more than 20% of net position may be invested in medium and lower grade investments; no more than 10% of net position may be invested in lower grade securities; investments with a rating of 5 or 6 from a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) cannot exceed 3% of net position; investments with a rating of 6 from a NRSRO cannot exceed 1% of net position. KLCIS' internal investment policy does not allow the purchase of medium or lower grade investments; however, investments already owned may be retained when the rating drops from high grade to medium or lower grades.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

3. Deposits and Investments, continued

Credit Risk, continued

State law and KLCIS' policy both state that total medium and lower grade investments issued, assumed, guaranteed, accepted or insured by any one organization (or as to asset back securities, any interest in a single asset or pool of assets) may not exceed 1% of net position. KLCIS' policy further states that total medium grade holdings tied to a single source shall be limited to 1% of total assets. State law and KLCIS' policy both require that no more than 3% of net position shall be invested in any single asset or, for asset backed securities, any single pool of assets.

State law requires that no individual equity holding shall comprise greater than 10% of the equity portion of the portfolio at the time of purchase. It also states that an investment in an individual holding shall not represent at the time of purchase more than 5% of the market value of the holding. Furthermore, state law requires that investments in equities shall not exceed 20% of the total market value of the portfolio of the self-insurance group at the time of purchase. In addition, mutual funds that are registered investment advisors licensed by the Securities Exchange Commission and Commonwealth of Kentucky to perform investment services are allowable and shall not exceed 20% of the total market value of the portfolio at the time of purchase.

As of June 30, 2022, KLCIS was invested in the following government agency bonds; Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal National Mortgage Association, and Government National Mortgage A Series. Of these bonds that were rated, all had AAA ratings. KLCIS also invested in corporate bonds which ranged in ratings from A3 to AAA. Additional investments included municipal bonds, all of which had A1 to AAA ratings.

Concentration of Credit Risk

KLCIS does not hold any securities in excess of 5% of total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

KLCIS maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. KLCIS has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk related to cash. Cash equivalents include investments in a money market fund that are not federally insured.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increase	Decrease	Ending Balance
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Furniture and fixtures	\$ <u>487,525</u>	\$ <u>5,861</u>	\$ <u>(32,828)</u>	\$ <u>460,558</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated	<u>487,525</u>	<u>5,861</u>	<u>(32,828)</u>	<u>460,558</u>
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(473,346)</u>	<u>(10,967)</u>	<u>32,828</u>	<u>(451,485)</u>
Net capital assets, being depreciated	<u>14,179</u>	<u>(5,106)</u>	-	<u>9,073</u>
Leased assets*, being amortized:				
Furniture and fixtures**	<u>39,836</u>	-	-	<u>39,836</u>
Accumulated amortization	<u>-</u>	<u>(12,692)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(12,692)</u>
Net leased assets, being amortized	<u>39,836</u>	<u>(12,692)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>27,144</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 54,015</u>	<u>\$ (17,798)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 36,217</u>

* New categories for leased assets and the related accumulated amounts were added as a result of GASB 87 implementation

** The leased assets furniture and fixtures category beginning balance was restated as a result of GASB 87 implementation

5. Leases Payable

Leases payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due within one year
Leases payable [^]	\$ <u>39,836</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>(12,302)</u>	\$ <u>27,534</u>	\$ <u>12,677</u>

[^] The leases payable category beginning balance was restated as a result of GASB 87 implementation

KLCIS has entered into multiple lease agreements involving furnitures and fixtures maturing at various dates through September 2025.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

5 Leases Payable, continued

The following is a schedule of the required future principal payments as well as interest:

Year ending June 30,	Leases Payable	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 12,677	\$ 653	\$ 13,330
2024	13,063	267	13,330
2025	1,429	34	1,463
2026	365	2	367
	\$ 27,534	\$ 956	\$ 28,490

6. Excess Insurance

For 2022, KLCIS purchased excess insurance coverage for the liability pool from excess carriers rated "A-" (Excellent) and "A+" (Superior) by A.M. Best and Company. The policy is for specific coverage on claims \$9,000,000 in excess of \$1,000,000 with a corridor of \$475,000 for 2022. For 2022 the excess insurance carriers rated "A+" held 50% participation in the policy while carriers rated "A-" held 50% participation in the policy. There is also cyber liability coverage in place with a \$50,000 retention.

Excess insurance coverage for the property pool is purchased from various excess insurance carriers, each of which has been assigned a rating of "A+" or "A++" (Superior) by A.M. Best and Company. The policy is for specific coverage for claims in excess of \$750,000, with a \$500,000 corridor. Policy limits vary based upon type and amount of insured risk. Excess insurance premiums are based upon a percentage of direct property pool premium revenue or total insured value.

Although the purchase of excess insurance coverage does not discharge KLCIS from its primary liability to its members, the excess insurance carrier that assumes the coverage assumes the related liability, and it is the practice of organizations such as KLCIS for accounting purposes to treat insured risks, to the extent of excess insurance coverage, as though they were risks for which KLCIS is not liable. However, KLCIS remains contingently liable in the event its excess insurance carriers are unable to meet their contractual obligations.

Excess insurance premiums ceded were \$5,325,392 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Additional losses accrued on paid claims during 2022 were \$34,155,203. The liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses has been reduced to reflect excess insurance recoverables on policy case reserves and estimated recoverables on claims incurred but not reported by \$17,274,807 in 2022.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

7. Related Party Transactions

The following are related entities of KLCIS:

- Kentucky Bond Corporation (KBC)
- Kentucky Bond Development Corporation (KBDC)
- Kentucky League of Cities (KLC)
- Kentucky League of Cities Funding Trust (KLCFT)
- Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Agency (KLCIA)
- Kentucky League of Cities Investment Pool Plus (KLCIPP)
- Kentucky League of Cities Premium Finance Company (KLCPPFC)
- Kentucky League of Cities Unemployment Compensation Reimbursement Trust (KLCUCRT)
- Kentucky League of Cities Workers Compensation Trust (KLCWCT)
- Kentucky Local Government Health Trust (KLGHT)

KLCIS was organized by KLC at the request of the state municipalities. KLC provides substantially all of KLCIS' operational, management and administrative services in exchange for an administrative fee based on allocated costs plus a percentage of earned premiums. Total administrative fees under the agreement amounted to \$5,094,936 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

KLCIS participates in a marketing agreement with KLCIA which provides that KLCIS pay a commission for member accounts marketed or serviced by KLCIA. Commission expense under the agreement was \$1,095,762 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

KLCIS' directors' and officers' insurance provides coverage for KLC board members. Also, certain trustees of KLCIS are directors of KLC. KLC serves as administrator of KLCIS.

KLCIS reports amounts as being due from or due to related parties. Related party receivables and payables included within KLCIS' statements of net assets consist of the following as of June 30, 2022:

KLC accounts receivable	\$ 215,257
KLCUCRT accounts receivable	12
KLCWCT accounts receivable	2,558,958
KLCIA accounts payable	<u>2,604</u>
Net receivable from related entities	<u>\$ 2,776,831</u>

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Notes to the Financial Statements, continued

8. Liability for Unpaid Losses and Loss Adjustment Expenses

Activity in the liability for unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses for the year ended June 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

	<u>Liability Pool</u>	<u>Property Pool</u>
Net unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, beginning of year	\$ 41,573,168	\$ 1,371,579
Incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses:		
Provision for insured events of the current year	18,937,005	4,291,799
(Decrease) increase in provision for insured events of prior years	(7,628,412)	(1,000,861)
Total incurred losses and loss adjustment expenses	11,308,593	3,290,938
Payments:		
Losses and loss adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of the current year	6,798,186	3,232,828
Losses and loss adjustment expenses attributable to insured events of prior years	7,023,864	289,078
Total payments	13,822,050	3,521,906
Net unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses, end of year	\$ 39,059,711	\$ 1,140,611

A (decrease) increase in the provision for insured events of prior years signifies that KLCIS expects (lower) higher than anticipated ultimate losses in the final disposition of claims.

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed
in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards***

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Trustees
Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association
Lexington, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association (KLCIS), which comprise the statement of net position as of June 30, 2022, the related statements of revenues, expenses and change in net position and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered KLCIS' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Trustees
Kentucky League of Cities Insurance Services Association
Report of Independent Auditors, continued

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether KLCIS' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of KLCIS' internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering KLCIS' internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Dean Dotson Allen Ford, PLLC

Lexington, Kentucky
October 21, 2022

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Statements of Net Position Information

As of June 30, 2022

Assets	<u>Liability Pool</u>	<u>Property Pool</u>	<u>Total</u>
Investment securities, at fair value	\$ 84,758,273	\$ -	\$ 84,758,273
Cash and cash equivalents	8,233,632	808,224	9,041,856
Accounts receivable, net	302,532	82,958	385,490
Excess insurance recoverable	3,048,401	2,129,444	5,177,845
Receivable from related entities, net	(16,043,472)	18,820,302	2,776,830
Accrued investment income	388,479	-	388,479
Prepaid expenses	95,810	37,510	133,320
Membership in NLC Mutual Insurance Company	4,956,178	-	4,956,178
Capital assets, net	<u>28,594</u>	<u>7,623</u>	<u>36,217</u>
Total assets	85,768,427	21,886,061	107,654,488
Liabilities			
Unpaid losses and loss adjustment expenses:			
Reported claims	27,036,776	844,612	27,881,388
Incurred but not reported claims	10,547,204	256,591	10,803,795
Unallocated loss adjustment expenses	<u>1,475,731</u>	<u>39,408</u>	<u>1,515,139</u>
Total unpaid loss and loss adjustment expenses	39,059,711	1,140,611	40,200,322
Accounts payable	660,179	187,218	847,397
Advance premiums	2,217,746	1,231,219	3,448,965
Leases payable	<u>19,802</u>	<u>7,732</u>	<u>27,534</u>
Total liabilities	<u>41,957,438</u>	<u>2,566,780</u>	<u>44,524,218</u>
Net Position			
Net position	<u>\$ 43,810,989</u>	<u>\$ 19,319,281</u>	<u>\$ 63,130,270</u>

See report of independent auditors.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Net Position Information

Year ended June 30, 2022

	<u>Liability Pool</u>	<u>Property Pool</u>	<u>Total</u>
Operating revenue:			
Net premiums earned	\$ 23,322,278	\$ 7,312,364	\$ 30,634,642
Operating expenses:			
Losses and loss adjustment expenses	11,308,593	3,290,938	14,599,531
Commission expense	2,492,373	1,232,697	3,725,070
Claims administration expense	1,311,644	146,065	1,457,709
Loss prevention expenses	972,842	-	972,842
Professional fees	400,056	151,429	551,485
Administrative fees, related entity	3,608,260	1,486,676	5,094,936
Other expenses	626,727	257,374	884,101
Total operating expenses	<u>20,720,495</u>	<u>6,565,179</u>	<u>27,285,674</u>
Operating income	2,601,783	747,185	3,348,968
Nonoperating (expenses) revenues:			
Net investment loss	(5,776,613)	(1,541,000)	(7,317,613)
Interest expense	(738)	(288)	(1,026)
Other income	474,670	586	475,256
Total nonoperating expenses	<u>(5,302,681)</u>	<u>(1,540,702)</u>	<u>(6,843,383)</u>
Change in net position	(2,700,898)	(793,517)	(3,494,415)
Net position, beginning of year	<u>46,511,887</u>	<u>20,112,798</u>	<u>66,624,685</u>
Net position, end of year	<u>\$ 43,810,989</u>	<u>\$ 19,319,281</u>	<u>\$ 63,130,270</u>

See report of independent auditors.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Claims Development Information
Years ended June 30, 2013 through 2022

The following table illustrates how KLCIS' earned premium revenue (net of excess insurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by excess insurance carriers) and other expenses assumed by KLCIS as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows: (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's gross premium revenue and investment revenue, premium revenue ceded to excess insurance carriers, and net earned premium revenue and reported investment revenue. (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of KLCIS including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims. (3) This line shows KLCIS' gross incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses, claims assumed by excess insurance carriers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported as of the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year). (4) This section shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year. (5) This line shows the latest reestimated amount of claims assumed by excess insurance carriers as of the end of the current year for each accident year. (6) This section shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. (This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known.) (7) This line compares the latest reestimated net incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of net claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts commonly is used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.

	Liability Pool									
	Fiscal and Policy Year Ended									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
(1) Earned premium revenue and net investment income:										
Earned	\$ 19,468,578	\$ 23,149,510	\$ 21,096,151	\$ 21,918,482	\$ 23,941,402	\$ 24,327,448	\$ 25,463,859	\$ 25,475,281	\$ 34,152,114	\$ 19,836,110
Ceded	<u>1,509,347</u>	<u>861,673</u>	<u>814,264</u>	<u>851,204</u>	<u>845,929</u>	<u>849,731</u>	<u>838,620</u>	<u>858,915</u>	<u>1,011,350</u>	<u>2,290,445</u>
Net earned	17,959,231	22,287,837	20,281,887	21,067,278	23,095,473	23,477,717	24,625,239	24,616,366	33,140,764	17,545,665
(2) Unallocated expenses	6,310,423	6,836,321	7,525,621	7,480,663	7,747,468	7,771,671	8,178,320	8,437,221	8,293,910	9,411,902
(3) Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end of policy year:										
Incurred	9,359,780	10,029,264	12,181,056	13,229,616	13,195,056	14,183,494	16,426,564	18,562,914	12,895,486	14,645,206
Ceded	-	-	<u>425,000</u>	-	<u>138,912</u>	-	-	<u>2,756,297</u>	-	-
Net incurred	<u>9,359,780</u>	<u>10,029,264</u>	<u>11,756,056</u>	<u>13,229,616</u>	<u>13,056,144</u>	<u>14,183,494</u>	<u>16,426,564</u>	<u>15,806,617</u>	<u>12,895,486</u>	<u>14,645,206</u>
(4) Net paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of policy year	2,245,611	2,229,692	2,488,279	2,679,200	3,895,315	2,529,147	2,960,198	2,457,636	3,100,038	3,565,358
One year later	3,932,110	3,847,541	5,223,559	4,019,764	5,411,940	5,210,816	5,719,605	5,578,179	4,214,862	
Two years later	5,407,484	5,904,331	7,236,954	5,843,486	7,487,417	6,402,465	9,380,054	9,002,104		
Three years later	6,887,349	6,905,679	8,224,816	6,932,017	9,064,998	7,110,310	10,659,406			
Four years later	7,386,127	7,658,331	9,527,000	7,880,146	10,785,316	966,635				
Five years later	8,560,213	7,814,474	9,791,191	8,076,261	11,338,092					
Six years later	9,540,070	7,987,951	9,896,540	8,622,057						
Seven years later	9,558,440	8,069,583	9,965,547							
Eight years later	9,702,974	8,197,365								
Nine years later	9,718,721									
(5) Reestimated ceded claims and expenses	-	-	422,544	-	5,238,544	-	3,513,344	6,697,119	-	-
(6) Reestimated net incurred claims and expenses:										
End of policy year	9,359,780	10,029,264	11,756,056	13,229,616	13,056,144	14,183,494	16,426,564	15,806,617	12,895,486	14,645,206
One year later	10,253,312	11,255,500	12,131,029	11,469,116	15,703,315	11,466,076	16,714,554	15,652,360	12,140,422	
Two years later	9,117,285	11,003,103	12,259,293	10,345,283	15,926,202	11,237,612	17,649,200	16,488,289		
Three years later	10,276,155	10,070,777	12,267,550	9,657,747	14,544,984	11,662,420	18,635,561			
Four years later	11,194,089	9,100,186	11,326,117	11,079,079	13,853,486	11,679,477				
Five years later	10,524,549	8,935,727	10,665,166	11,083,638	12,203,761					
Six years later	10,060,219	8,837,590	10,441,928	10,193,964						
Seven years later	10,069,077	8,784,918	10,297,454							
Eight years later	9,767,798	8,474,784								
Nine years later	9,725,798									
(7) Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred claims and expenses from the end of the policy year	366,018	(1,554,480)	(1,458,602)	(3,035,652)	(852,383)	(2,504,017)	2,208,997	681,672	(755,064)	-

See report of independent auditors.

KENTUCKY LEAGUE OF CITIES INSURANCE SERVICES ASSOCIATION

Claims Development Information
Years ended June 30, 2013 through 2022

The following table illustrates how KLCIS' earned premium revenue (net of excess insurance) and investment income compare to related costs of loss (net of loss assumed by excess insurance carriers) and other expenses assumed by KLCIS as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows of the table are defined as follows: (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's gross premium revenue and investment revenue, premium revenue ceded to excess insurance carriers, and net earned premium revenue and reported investment revenue. (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of KLCIS including overhead and claims expense not allocable to individual claims. (3) This line shows KLCIS' gross incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expenses, claims assumed by excess insurance carriers, and net incurred claims and allocated adjustment expenses (both paid and accrued) as originally reported as of the end of the first year in which the event that triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year). (4) This section shows the cumulative net amounts paid as of the end of successive years for each policy year. (5) This line shows the latest reestimated amount of claims assumed by excess insurance carriers as of the end of the current year for each accident year. (6) This section shows how each policy year's net incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. (This annual reestimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, and emergence of new claims not previously known.) (7) This line compares the latest reestimated net incurred claims amount to the amount originally established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of net claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and reestimated amounts commonly is used to evaluate the accuracy of net incurred claims currently recognized in less mature policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years.

	Property Pool									
	Fiscal and Policy Year Ended									
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
(1) Earned premium revenue and net investment income:										
Earned	\$ 6,186,024	\$ 7,502,007	\$ 8,520,509	\$ 9,182,182	\$ 9,865,959	\$ 9,596,455	\$ 10,035,008	\$ 9,893,716	\$ 12,167,782	\$ 8,806,311
Ceded	<u>2,286,341</u>	<u>2,125,202</u>	<u>2,237,618</u>	<u>2,295,387</u>	<u>1,978,215</u>	<u>1,973,665</u>	<u>1,975,307</u>	<u>2,306,663</u>	<u>2,581,756</u>	<u>3,034,947</u>
Net earned	3,899,683	5,376,805	6,282,891	6,886,795	7,887,744	7,622,790	8,059,701	7,587,053	9,586,026	5,771,364
(2) Unallocated expenses	2,282,273	2,851,889	3,130,393	2,935,126	3,084,791	3,160,734	3,236,768	3,201,716	3,149,314	3,274,240
(3) Estimated incurred claims and expenses, end of policy year:										
Incurred	1,100,694	2,286,732	3,649,540	1,877,474	2,720,122	2,737,325	2,022,485	2,363,415	2,204,995	43,505,530
Ceded	-	-	<u>587,832</u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u>39,213,731</u>
Net incurred	<u>1,100,694</u>	<u>2,286,732</u>	<u>3,061,708</u>	<u>1,877,474</u>	<u>2,720,122</u>	<u>2,737,325</u>	<u>2,022,485</u>	<u>2,363,415</u>	<u>2,204,995</u>	<u>4,291,799</u>
(4) Net paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of policy year	600,248	1,304,738	1,933,426	1,207,446	1,302,920	1,702,818	1,295,593	1,400,920	1,119,692	3,232,828
One year later	965,289	2,186,741	2,781,374	1,873,956	2,059,648	1,952,795	1,804,634	1,910,313	1,965,438	
Two years later	968,967	2,043,484	2,891,379	1,873,956	2,067,736	1,957,057	1,806,454	1,914,439		
Three years later	968,967	2,040,812	2,978,303	1,869,881	2,067,736	1,956,762	1,806,804			
Four years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303	1,871,065	2,067,736	1,956,664				
Five years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303	1,855,760	2,067,736					
Six years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303	1,855,760						
Seven years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303							
Eight years later	968,967	2,041,916								
Nine years later	968,967									
(5) Reestimated ceded claims and expenses	-	-	442,871	-	-	-	-	-	-	39,213,731
(6) Reestimated net incurred claims and expenses:										
End of policy year	1,100,694	2,286,732	3,061,708	1,877,474	2,720,122	2,737,325	2,022,485	2,363,415	2,204,995	4,291,799
One year later	1,029,175	2,324,199	2,930,486	1,891,215	2,060,648	1,952,795	1,805,634	1,920,313	2,017,537	
Two years later	968,967	2,050,175	2,992,119	1,873,956	2,067,736	1,957,057	2,056,454	1,914,439		
Three years later	968,967	2,042,958	2,978,303	1,869,881	2,067,736	1,956,762	1,990,464			
Four years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303	1,871,065	2,067,736	1,956,664				
Five years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303	1,855,760	2,067,736					
Six years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303	1,855,760						
Seven years later	968,967	2,041,916	2,978,303							
Eight years later	968,967	2,041,916								
Nine years later	968,967									
(7) Increase (decrease) in estimated net incurred claims and expenses from the end of the policy year	(131,727)	(244,816)	(83,405)	(21,714)	(652,386)	(780,661)	(32,021)	(448,976)	(187,458)	-

See report of independent auditors.